UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YO)RK	

KEEP ON KICKING MUSIC, INC., KEEP ON MOVING MUSIC, INC., AND FREE WORLD MUSIC, LIMITED,

Plaintiffs, COMPLAINT

v. 23 Civ. ()

UNIVERSAL MUSIC GROUP, INC. UNIVERSAL MUSIC PUBLISHING GROUP, QUALITY CONTROL MUSIC, CAPITOL RECORDS, LLC, AND MOTOWN RECORDS,

Defend	lants
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Plaintiffs Keep on Kicking Music, Inc. ("Keep on Kicking"), Keep on Moving Music, Inc. ("Keep on Moving"), and Free World Music, Limited ("Free World"), by their attorneys, Law Offices of Michael G. Berger, as and for their Complaint, allege as follows:

THE NATURE OF THE CASE

- 1. This is an action for willful copyright infringement by unauthorized sampling under the Copyright Act of 1976, 17 USC 101 et seq, and related authority; and for declaratory relief under the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 USC 2201.
- 2. As detailed and documented below and in the attached Exhibits, Plaintiffs Keep on Kicking, Keep on Moving, and Free World collectively own or control, as successor-in-interest to and on behalf of the sole composer and all publishers, all of the worldwide rights in and to the musical composition and sound recording entitled "Espoir Composition X" ("ECX"), which was duly registered with the United States Copyright Office and elsewhere as appropriate.
- 3. "Sampling" in the music industry is the reuse of a portion of one musical composition and/or sound recording in another musical composition and/or sound recording. Samples

may include elements of the sampled material, such as rhythm, melody, or short or long portions of music. The elements that are sampled may be sped up, slowed down, or otherwise edited, rearranged, or manipulated. Sampling of ECX would have required the permission of the sole copyright owners of the musical composition and the sound recording, which permission was not obtained.

- 4. Defendants Universal Music Group, Inc. ("UMG"), Universal Music Publishing Group ("UMPG"), Quality Control Music (Quality Control"), Capitol Records, LLC ("Capitol"), and Motown Records ("Motown") knowingly and willfully sampled and embodied the instrumental composition ECX into and throughout the recording entitled "Narcos," as performed by the hip-hop musical group Migos, utilizing ECX in ninety per cent (90%) of the measures in Narcos, all without the knowledge, permission, or authority of the sole copyright owners.
- 5. Defendants recorded, distributed, and otherwise commercially exploited ECX through their unauthorized use of it in Narcos throughout the world, wrongly obtaining for themselves millions of dollars, without authorization, credit, accounting, or payment to Plaintiffs.
- 6. There can be no disputing that (a) Defendants had access to ECX, (b) the two compositions are similar, and (c) Defendants knew that permission was required to sample ECX, as Defendants entered into one or more purported but invalid and unauthorized sampling agreements with a third party to sample ECX, then implemented the sampling by incorporating the ECX composition into the recording of Narcos by Migos, all without the knowledge, permission or authority of Plaintiffs, the rightful and sole owners.
- 7. Plaintiffs put Defendants on actual written notice in September 2021, again in December 2021, and thereafter, that any and all third-party agreements purportedly granting rights to Defendants were invalid and unauthorized, even providing Defendants with written repudiation of the very agreements that Defendants supposedly relied on, and further advised defendants that continued use in Narcos of the unauthorized sample of ECX constituted willful copyright infringement, but the Universal Defendants continue their infringement to date.
- 8. There can therefore be no disputing that Defendants' infringement is willful.

- 9. As detailed and documented here, the lyrics of Narcos contain multiple references to drug trafficking, drug dealers, and associated violence and criminality; as well as frequent use of the N-word, all set to the music of ECX without Plaintiffs' permission or authority, and in derogation of Plaintiffs' rights and the value of the copyrights.
- 10. Narcos and the Migos album in which it appears have been and continue to be commercially successful, generating, upon information and belief, more than \$4,000,000 in revenues to date from publishing, record sales, tour income, and other revenue streams, which has not been paid to Plaintiffs.
- 11. Plaintiffs are therefore entitled to monetary damages in an amount to be proved but not less than \$4,000,000, attorneys' fees, and related relief, together with a judgment declaring that Defendants have willfully infringed upon Plaintiffs' copyrights in ECX; all as prayed for herein.

THE PARTIES, JURISDICTION, AND VENUE

THE PARTIES

- 12. Plaintiffs Keep on Kicking, Keep on Moving, and Free World are all based in Miami, Florida, and owned and controlled by the same Principal. All three companies are involved in the acquisition and administration of copyrights in and to musical compositions and sound recordings on a worldwide basis. The Plaintiff companies have more than thirty years of experience in the music industry.
- 13. Upon information and belief, Defendant UMG is a subsidiary of Universal Music Group N.V., a Netherlands corporation. UMG is based in Santa Monica, CA, and has offices in this District at 1755 Broadway, New York, NY 10019. UMG is in the business of, among other things, recording and distributing music throughout the world.
- 14. Upon information and belief, Defendant UMPG is a part of Defendant UMG, is a leading global music publishing company based in Santa Monica, CA, and is in the business of among other things, owning and/or administering musical compositions throughout the world.
- 15. Upon information and belief, Defendant Quality Control is an American hip-hop record label based in Atlanta, whose releases are distributed through Defendants Motown and Capitol, among others, and whose signed artists include Migos.

- 16. Upon information and belief, Defendant Capitol is an American record label distributed by Defendant UMG, with offices in this District at 1755 Broadway.
- 17. Upon information and belief, Defendant Motown is an American record label owned by Defendant UMG, with offices in this District at 1755 Broadway.

JURISDICTION

- 18. This court has original and exclusive subject matter jurisdiction over this matter under 28 USC 1331 and 1338 (a) and (b) because it arises under 17 USC 101 et seq; and has subject matter jurisdiction under 28 USC 2201 because it involves an actual justiciable controversy within its jurisdiction.
- 19. This court has personal jurisdiction over Defendants pursuant to FRCP 4(k)(1(A) because they have had offices and transacted business in this District at all relevant times and to this date.

VENUE

20. Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 USC 1391(b)(1) and (2) and (c)(2) because all Defendants are subject to personal jurisdiction in that they reside or are deemed to reside therein, and because a substantial parts of the events or omissions giving rise to the claim occurred therein.

FACTS COMMON TO ALL CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

- 21. Recording artist and composer Robert Pierre Martino first recorded ECX in 1978, and it was released in France and elsewhere that year by Mr. Martino's band, Les Difficiles de Petion-Ville under the Cinedisc label as part of an album.
- 22. Mr. Martino duly registered ECX in France on November 15, 2000 at Societe des Auteurs, Compositeurs et Editeurs de Musique ('SACEM"), the French professional association that collects and distributes royalties to artists, writers, composers, and music publishers worldwide. Pursuant to written agreements with Mr. Martino, Plaintiffs thereafter acquired ownership of the compositions, subject to a royalty obligation to Mr. Martino, and duly registered ECX with the United States Copyright Office on November 10, 2021 and February 16, 2023. Copies of the SACEM registration and the two US copyright registrations are attached as Exhibits 1, 2, and 3, respectively.

- 23. On March 1, 2018, without the knowledge, permission, or authority of any true owner of ECX, Defendant Quality Control entered into a set of written agreements with an entity called Idaly Publishing, Inc. ("Idaly") as Licensor, pursuant to which Quality Control as Licensee was purportedly granted Sample Licenses with respect to the master recording of ECX, and the publishing, for use in Narcos by Migos (the "Purported Licenses"). Copies of the Purported License documents are attached as collective Exhibit 4.
- 24. Migos released Narcos in 2018, as the third track of their Culture II album, through Defendants Capitol, Motown, and Quality Control. Narcos was and is a commercial success, with the Culture II album debuting at number one on the US Billboard 200, and the single and album generating millions of dollars in publishing income, record sales, neighboring rights, and other revenues worldwide.
- 25. The lyrics of Narcos, which are attached as Exhibit 5, talk about many aspects of the drug culture, including drug trafficking and the drug dealers involved in it. There are numerous references to notorious drug dealer Pablo Escobar and the infamous Medellin cartel; multiple references to violence, including "cut throat," "kill his whole family," "poke his eyes out," and "saw his legs off;" and many uses of the N-word.
- 26. All of these violent and racist lyrics, which show Defendant UMPG as a copyright owner, are set to the music of ECX, without the knowledge or consent of any true owner.
- 27. The fact that Defendants knew that they needed a license to use ECX is proof positive that their use constituted infringement. Although the musical term that characterizes this infringement is called sampling, it actually represents a wholesale use of ECX in Narcos. Attached as Exhibit 6 is an expert report authored by forensic musicologist Sandy Wilbur (the "Wilbur Expert Report"), President of Musiodata. Ms. Wilbur, who is also a musical composer, compared ECX (referred to as SONG A in the Wilbur Expert Report) and Narcos (referred to as SONG B) in great detail, and concluded in relevant part:

There are 147 measures in SONG B. 10% or 15 of those measures do not contain any samples of SONG A.

Thus, ECX is used in ninety per cent (90%) of the measures of Narcos. Attached as Exhibit 7A is a SACEM Expert Report, in the original French, together with Exhibit 7B, a certified English translation, which shows that ECX is used in 3 minutes and 33 seconds out of the

total of 4 minutes and 46 seconds of Narcos, showing that Narcos uses ECX for 74.4% of the time.

28. Accordingly, Defendants knew at all times that their use of ECX required valid written agreements signed by the true owners of ECX. Yet, as detailed and documented below, when Plaintiffs put Defendants on express written notice that they were infringing upon ECX, the Defendants refused to acknowledge Plaintiffs' rights and to compensate Plaintiffs for the harm suffered.

29. Plaintiffs sent a series of communications to Defendants that left no question that Narcos was infringing upon ECX, and that any purported licenses were invalid. Specifically, on September 13, 2021, Plaintiff KOK wrote to Defendants (see Exhibit 8), stating in relevant part as follows:

Date: 13th September 2021

To Whom It May Concern,

We are writing to you regarding the SRC ownership and Master rights for the 1978 Sound recording "Espoir Composition X" acquired by FWM Ltd represented in the US by Keep On Kicking Music Inc.

We found so far two recordings "NARCOS" BY - MIGOS, currently released by The Universal Music Group ISRCs # USUM71801010 & USUM71800980 which contains an unauthorized sample of the original recording and composition "Espoir Composition X" written by Robert P. Martino for which Keep On Kicking Music Inc. (ASCAP) is the sole publisher and for which the Master rights of the original Sound recording have always been ASSIGNED to Free World Music Ltd. by Robert P. Martino as well.

We would need to either receive a valid chain of right of this recording to your company(s) from the original owner who claim it doesn't exist (while also claiming lack of payment from any party) and/or reach out a settlement regarding the unauthorized uses along with a sample agreement.

- 30. Despite that clear message from Plaintiffs, Defendants failed and refused to enter into any kind of sample agreement, compensate Plaintiffs, or otherwise cure their infringement.
- 31. December 14, 2021, Plaintiffs' music attorney, Marc Jacobson, P.C., sent letters by certified mail to Defendants UMG, UMPG, and Motown that fully explained and documented Plaintiffs' rights and Defendants' infringements, and specifically advised Defendants that any purported rights they may have claimed to have acquired were unauthorized. A copy of Mr. Jacobson's letter, without enclosures, is attached as Exhibit 9.

- 32. Despite that clear and compelling message from Plaintiffs, Defendants continued to infringe upon Plaintiffs' rights.
- 33. Defendants thereafter were copied on a July 27, 2022 letter from Idaly's attorney, Kendall Minter, Esq., to Mr. Jacobson (attached as Exhibit 10), copying UMG, among others at page 2, which letter stated in relevant part:

I represent Idaly Publishing, Inc . . . this will serve to confirm that my client hereby rescinds and relinquishes its claims to any of the music publishing rights, title or interest, including the copyright in and to the musical composition entitled "Espoir/Composition X."

34. Defendants UMPG and Capitol, among others, including BMI and ASCAP, the two major American Performing Rights Organizations ("PROs") that collect publishing monies on behalf of writers and publishers, were thereafter sent Irrevocable Letters of Direction on October 21, 2022 from Jerry "Wonda" Duplessis, CEO of Idaly, which stated in relevant part:

Re: "Espoir Composition X" by Robert Martino (the "Composition")

Ladies and Gentlemen: Pursuant to an agreement between Idaly Publishing, Inc ("Idaly") and Keep on Kicking Music, Inc. Idaly relinquished all of its right title and interest in and to the Composition to Keep on Kicking Music, Inc.

This letter constitutes the irrevocable direction to you to pay all sums earned, received, or credited to you on account of the Idaly share of the Composition to Keep on Kicking Music, Inc.

See Exhibit 11, at p.1-BMI, p.6-ASCAP p. 4-UMPG, and p.5-Capitol.

- 35. Despite overwhelming and uncontradicted evidence of unauthorized sampling, including an express repudiation of authority from Idaly, the very company Defendants supposedly relied upon, Defendants continue to this date to infringe upon Plaintiffs' rights.
- 36. Further, the PROs have generally refused to pay Plaintiffs the monies that were attributable to the Idaly unauthorized license agreements without the consent of Defendants or a court order, and Defendants have refused to compensate Plaintiffs for past infringement or to negotiate for permission for future use.
- 37. There is therefore an actual justiciable controversy, and the matter is ripe for adjudication.

CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

COUNT I COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT

17 USC 101 et sea

38.Paragraphs 1 through 37 are repeated and realleged.

39. By reason of the foregoing, Plaintiffs are entitled to a judgment that Defendants are liable for willfully violating Plaintiffs' rights under the Copyright Act, 17 USC 101 et seq, and granting Plaintiffs recovery against all defendants jointly and severally: actual damages plus Defendants' profits, or statutory damages, at Plaintiffs' election; such damages and profits to include all forms of worldwide revenues derived from the commercial exploitation of Culture II and Narcos; all in an amount to be proved but not less than \$4,000,000; together with costs and attorneys' fees; all pursuant to the Copyright Act and related authority, including sections 501, 504, and 505 thereof.

COUNT II DECLARATORY JUDGMENT

28 USC 2201 et seg and 17 USC 101 et seg

- 40. Paragraphs 1 through 39 are repeated and realleged.
- 41. By reason of the foregoing, Plaintiffs are entitled under the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 USC 2201, to judgment declaring and construing that Defendants are the sole rightful owners of all right, title, and interest in and to the musical composition and sound recording entitled Espoir/Composition X, and that Defendants have no rights in and to such composition or recording.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for judgment against Defendants as follows:

A.Granting Plaintiffs recovery against all Defendants, jointly and severally, of actual damages plus Defendants' profits, or statutory damages, at Plaintiffs' election; such damages and profits to include all forms of worldwide revenues derived from the

commercial exploitation of Culture II and Narcos; all in an amount to be proved but not less

than \$4,000,000;

B.Declaring and construing that Plaintiffs are the sole rightful owners of all right, title, and

interest in and to the musical composition and sound recording entitled Espoir/Composition

X, and that Defendants have no rights in and to such composition; and

C.Awarding Plaintiffs interest and punitive damages to the extent available, as well as

costs, and attorneys' fees; all pursuant to the Copyright Act, including sections 501, 504,

and 505 thereof, and related authority; and granting such other and further relief as this

Court deems just and proper.

Dated; May 25, 2023 New York, New York /s/Michael G. Berger

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